8.001

8.001 General.

Regardless of the source of supplies or services to be acquired, information technology acquisitions shall comply with capital planning and investment control requirements in 40 U.S.C. 11312 and OMB Circular A-130.

[67 FR 56119, Aug. 30, 2002, as amended at 70 FR 57454, Sept. 30, 2005]

8.002 Priorities for use of mandatory Government sources.

- (a) Except as required by 8.003, or as otherwise provided by law, agencies shall satisfy requirements for supplies and services from or through the mandatory Government sources and publications listed below in descending order of priority:
- (1) Supplies. (i) Inventories of the requiring agency.
- (ii) Excess from other agencies (see subpart 8.1).
- (iii) Federal Prison Industries, Inc. (see subpart 8.6).
- (iv) Supplies that are on the Procurement List maintained by the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (see Subpart 8.7).
- (v) Wholesale supply sources, such as stock programs of the General Services Administration (GSA) (see 41 CFR 101–26.3), the Defense Logistics Agency (see 41 CFR 101–26.6), the Department of Veterans Affairs (see 41 CFR 101–26.704), and military inventory control points.
- (2) Services. Services that are on the Procurement List maintained by the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled (see subpart 8.7).
- (b) Sources other than those listed in paragraph (a) of this section may be used as prescribed in 41 CFR 101–26.301 and in an unusual and compelling urgency as prescribed in 6.302–2 and in 41 CFR 101–25.101–5.
- (c) The statutory obligation for Government agencies to satisfy their requirements for supplies or services available from the Committee for Purchase From People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled also applies when contractors purchase the supplies or services for Government use.

 $[78 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 80378, \, \mathrm{Dec.} \; 30, \, 2013]$

8.003 Use of other mandatory sources.

Agencies shall satisfy requirements for the following supplies or services from or through specified sources, as applicable:

- (a) Public utility services (see part 41).
- (b) Printing and related supplies (see subpart 8.8).
- (c) Leased motor vehicles (see subpart 8.11).
- (d) Strategic and critical materials (e.g., metals and ores) from inventories exceeding Defense National Stockpile requirements (detailed information is available from the DLA Strategic Materials, 8725 John J. Kingman Rd., Suite 3229, Fort Belvoir, VA 22060–6223.
- (e) Helium (see subpart 8.5—Acquisition of Helium).

[78 FR 80378, Dec. 31, 2013]

8.004 Use of other sources.

If an agency is unable to satisfy requirements for supplies and services from the mandatory sources listed in 8.002 and 8.003, agencies are encouraged to consider satisfying requirements from or through the non-mandatory sources listed in paragraph (a) of this section (not listed in any order of priority) before considering the non-mandatory source listed in paragraph (b) of this section. When satisfying requirements from non-mandatory sources, see 7.105(b) and part 19 regarding consideration of small business, veteranowned small business, service-disabled veteran-owned small business. HUBZone small business, small disadvantaged business (including 8(a) participants), and women-owned small business concerns.

- (a)(1) Supplies. Federal Supply Schedules, Governmentwide acquisition contracts, multi-agency contracts, and any other procurement instruments intended for use by multiple agencies, including blanket purchase agreements (BPAs) under Federal Supply Schedule contracts (e.g., Federal Strategic Sourcing Initiative (FSSI) agreements accessible at http://www.gsa.gov/fssi (see also 5.601)).
- (2) Services. Agencies are encouraged to consider Federal Prison Industries, Inc., as well as the sources listed in

Federal Acquisition Regulation

paragraph (a)(1) of this section (see subpart 8.6).

(b) Commercial sources (including educational and non-profit institutions) in the open market.

[78 FR 80378, Dec. 31, 2013]

8.005 Contract clause.

Insert the clause at 52.208-9, Contractor Use of Mandatory Sources of Supply and Services, in solicitations and contracts that require a contractor to provide supplies or services for Government use that are on the Procurement List maintained by the Committee for Purchase from People Who Are Blind or Severely Disabled. The contracting officer shall identify in the contract schedule the supplies or services that must be purchased from a mandatory source and the specific source.

[66 FR 65368, Dec. 18, 2001. Redesignated and amended at 67 FR 56119, Aug. 30, 2002; 69 FR 34230, June 18, 2004. Redesignated at 78 FR 80378, Dec. 31, 2013]

Subpart 8.1—Excess Personal Property

8.101 [Reserved]

8.102 Policy.

When practicable, agencies must use excess personal property as the first source of supply for agency and cost-re-imbursement contractor requirements. Agency personnel must make positive efforts to satisfy agency requirements by obtaining and using excess personal property (including that suitable for adaptation or substitution) before initiating a contract action.

[67 FR 13053, Mar. 20, 2002]

8.103 Information on available excess personal property.

Information regarding the availability of excess personal property can be obtained through—

- (a) Review of excess personal property catalogs and bulletins issued by the General Services Administration (GSA):
- (b) Personal contact with GSA or the activity holding the property;
- (c) Submission of supply requirements to the regional offices of GSA

(GSA Form 1539, Request for Excess Personal Property, is available for this purpose); and

(d) Examination and inspection of reports and samples of excess personal property in GSA regional offices.

8.104 Obtaining nonreportable property.

GSA will assist agencies in meeting their requirements for supplies of the types excepted from reporting as excess by the Federal Management Regulations (41 CFR 102–36.90). Federal agencies requiring such supplies should contact the appropriate GSA regional office.

[48 FR 42129, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 69 FR 17745, Apr. 5, 2004]

Subparts 8.2–8.3 [Reserved]

Subpart 8.4—Federal Supply Schedules

Source: At 69 FR 34234, June 18, 2004, unless otherwise noted.

8.401 Definitions.

As used in this subpart—

Ordering activity means an activity that is authorized to place orders, or establish blanket purchase agreements (BPA), against the General Services Administration's (GSA) Multiple Award Schedule contracts. A list of eligible ordering activities is available at http://www.gsa.gov/schedules (click "For Customers Ordering from Schedules" and then "Eligibility to Use GSA Sources").

Multiple Award Schedule (MAS) means contracts awarded by GSA or the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) for similar or comparable supplies, or services, established with more than one supplier, at varying prices. The primary statutory authorities for the MAS program are 41 U.S.C. 152(3), Competitive Procedures, and 40 U.S.C. 501, Services for Executive Agencies.

Requiring agency means the agency needing the supplies or services.

Schedules e-Library means the on-line source for GSA and VA Federal Supply Schedule contract award information. Schedules e-Library may be accessed at http://www.gsa.gov/elibrary.